

The Topeka State Journal.

10 CENTS A WEEK.

FIRST EDITION.

TOPEKA, KANSAS, FRIDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 2, 1894.

TWENTY-SECOND YEAR.

BREIDY'S FIGURES.

Breidenthal Fixes Lewelling's Plurality at 17,500.

This Is an Unofficial Statement, However.

SOME CLOSER FIGURES

Mr. Breidenthal Given to the Public Later On.

Populists Counting on 72 Legislative Districts.

In an unofficial announcement today Chairman John W. Breidenthal of the Populist state central committee, said his party will carry next Tuesday's election by 17,500 plurality.

Chairman Breidenthal did not base this statement on his final poll of the state, but said that was a fair estimate of the vote to be cast for Governor Lewelling.

The Populists confidently expect to control the next legislature and Chairman Breidenthal says they are sure of electing seventy-two members of the next house which will give them an undisputed majority on joint ballot and enable the election of a United States senator and state printer.

There are just two candidates for member of the legislature in the district where the Populists have a fair chance. One of these is a Populist and the other is a Republican.

The Populist is Frank Murphy of Lincoln county, candidate from the 12th representative district, and he is instructed to vote for John W. Breidenthal for United States senator, and of course a special effort has been made to elect Murphy who will no doubt come to Topeka next winter. Stevens county was Populist by a safe majority two years ago.

The other instructed candidate is C. J. Stromquist, of McPherson county, Republican candidate from the 65th district.

Mr. Stromquist has been instructed to vote for A. W. Smith for United States senator. The McPherson county district is rather close, and Mr. Stromquist's election is not quite as certain as Mr. Murphy's.

ONE AFRAID, THE OTHER DARE.

Burning, Blasting, Blowing, and Still a-Blasting.

He was a sport. Any one could tell he was at first glance. He got on a street car with a friend and at once began to talk politics. As the conversation progressed he became enthused, and raising his voice several notes made the following "play":

"Yes, sir, I'll bet you seven million dollars that — is the next governor of Kansas."

"What's that?" howled the good old church deacon, as he stopped reading an article on the "Sin of Gambling on Horse Races" in his weekly paper and glared at the sport from his corner of the car. "Where's your money?" continued the deacon as he dived into his pocket and produced a roll of the long green as large as a stove pipe. "Just cover this."

"Every one in the car was in a quiver in an instant and chattered to think what a big fool the 'other man' was to throw away his money."

"My money is in the — National bank," said the sport as he rang the bell, "Let's go back and you cover it."

"I'll cover your money all right, but I won't put it up in any bank."

"Well then in the hands of Jones, the real estate man."

"Don't know him, make it Smith the coal man."

"I'm not acquainted with him but will put up my stuff in the hands of Green, the mercantile prince."

"All right," said the deacon, starting to get up.

"Hold on," said the sport, "I won't bet my money unless there are two stakeholders and one of them Bishop Thomas."

And they didn't bet.

TO PRESERVE ORDER NEXT TUESDAY

Commissioner Herald Comments on the Election Day Prospects.

"Holding an election in Topeka this year will be no small job," said Commissioner Herald this morning. "There will be an immense vote and I have experienced considerable difficulty in securing good men to serve as judges and clerks as the pay is very small and the work will be very hard in proportion to the pay. I have, however, succeeded in getting good men in all the precincts, and I think on election day will exercise order."

Commissioner Herald gave these men their orders, and in the afternoon they were busy with the work of preparing the precincts.

The county clerk and his force are busy today preparing the official ballots for distribution. They are put up in packages of fifty and the package is then securely sealed.

The city clerk will supply the voting

places in the city. A copy of the election laws will be at each polling place. He has a supply of candles which will be used in the booths after dark.

ONE STORY REFUTED.

William Elliott Answers a Charge Against Major Morrill.

William Elliott, who now lives at 615 Kansas avenue, North Topeka, called at the State Journal office today, and said he is one of the persons said to have been defrauded out of his homestead in Washington county by Major Morrill.

Mr. Elliott had in his hand a copy of State Printer Snow's paper containing a list of the alleged defrauded homesteaders who had, it said, been robbed by Major Morrill.

Mr. Elliott says he formerly lived in Washington county and at one time had some trouble with the St. Joseph and Grand Island Railroad company about a homestead but he never heard Major Morrill's name mentioned in connection with the affair and he did not know there was such a man in existence at that time, and that anyway, he did not lose his homestead, as the interior department straightened his title to his claim out all right when the facts were presented.

SAYS IT'S A FAKE.

Editor of the Arkansas City Traveler Wires the "Journal."

ARKANSAS CITY, KAN., Nov. 2. To the Editor of the State Journal, Topeka, Kan.:

The resolutions published in yesterday's Journal, said to have been passed by many leading and prominent Democrats pledging support to Lewelling, is a fake. Lute White, whose name is signed, is a Populist, and the son of Thomas A. White, formerly of Topeka, who is now a candidate for a county office on the Populist ticket.

AT THE TOPEKA CLUB.

James J. Corbett Entertained There After the Performance.

James J. Corbett was entertained at the Topeka club after "Gentleman Jack" last evening. The Elks lodge was waiting to initiate him as an honorary member into that organization, but Mr. John Moller of New York, who has met Corbett at the Athletic club in that city and knows him well, invited him to go to the Topeka club and be initiated there.

Corbett was accompanied by Frank Belcher, a fine heavy baritone singer, and an old schoolmate of Corbett's and John McVay a member of the company. By the way Corbett has five former schoolmates in his company, and rather prides himself on not forgetting his friends in his days of prosperity.

There were about forty of the Topeka club members present and Mr. Alfred Farnham, the baritone who gave a concert in library hall last night, played several selections. He has a wonderful facility of making classic music sound well on the banjo, and the overture from William Tell was received with much enthusiasm. Mr. Moller is a very fine amateur banjo player and Mr. Belcher's voice was especially good. In several selections from "Rotten Wood," Corbett was the center of attraction and he impressed them as being "a very decent sort of a fellow," according to one of the club men. In response to a question about the requirements of a prize fighter, Corbett said: "Brute strength is in its decadence, activity and cleverness are of more importance than brute force. The first man to exemplify the advantage of these two things, I sparred with Jim Mace in England and while he is a back number now, he was the greatest prize fighter of his time. There are a number of young men who could give him points in 'shiftness' now. Strength is not the prime requisite. Mr. McVay is stronger than I am and can lift more, but when he is on his feet to box he is not as strong as I. Your strength must come in the right place. A big armed or a big legged man can't fight. He must have symmetrical proportions. I have taken all my exercise standing from the time I was a little child."

A prominent lawyer in the city asked Corbett what he thought of a certain man's book on training.

"I have never read a book on physical training," he answered. "I pay no attention to theories. I eat and drink anything I want while I am in training, and I think every man can tell what work he needs from the way he feels. I have been up at the club every night after the performance and three days before the fight with Mitchell I drank a bottle of champagne because I felt worn out and had worked too much."

When questioned about the Fitzsimmons fight Corbett said it would be a prolonged struggle, because Fitzsimmons would fight hard and he could fight from 150 to 175 pounds, but he couldn't tell how many rounds.

"Why," he remarked, "at the last fight I told my friends not to bet on less than twenty rounds and in five minutes it was all over."

The champion explained and also illustrated the "pivot" blow to the club men, and said that his exhibition of bag punching last night was not a representative performance because the light was so poor. The club men told him if he would stay over they thought they could arrange a small fight and Corbett good-naturedly told them that he was making too much money.

Courage is written all over Corbett's face, and he has fewer signs of brutality than most men of his class. He has many English mannerisms and an affected drawl, but he does not care to be made a lion of and he objects to the attention that is lavished on him. "I have kissed more babies than I could count," said the good looking man, and "while it pleases me to do it, a little of that sort of thing goes a long way."

NICHOLAS II.

The New Czar Issues His First Proclamation.

Unity of Russia Demands Devotion to His Family.

IMPERIAL CEREMONY.

Coronation Festivities Take Precedence of Mourning.

St. Petersburg Gay With Proclaiming the New Emperor.

A Chicago Pole is Not Sorry the Czar is Dead.

ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 2.—The Official Messenger this morning publishes the first proclamation of Emperor Nicholas II of Russia, in which, after formally communicating to the nation the news of the death of his father, Alexander III, he says: "May the knowledge console you that our grief is the grief of our entire beloved nation and may the nation not forget that the strength and firmness of Holy Russia lies in its unity and undivided devotion to its emperor."

"In this sad and solemn hour in which we ascend our ancestral throne of the Russian empire and crown of Poland and the grand duchy of Finland indissolubly linked with it, we, however, remember the legacy left us by our lamented father and imbued with it, we, in the presence of the Most High, take a vow to make our sole aim the development of the power and glory of our beloved Russia and the happiness of all our faithful subjects."

The manifesto concludes with commanding that the oath of allegiance be taken to him, Emperor Nicholas II, and to his heir apparent, grand duke George Alexandrovitch, his brother, who is to be entitled czarévitch until God may bless with a son the union which his majesty is to enter into with Princess Alix of Hesse-Darmstadt.

At 9 o'clock this morning the imperial heralds in bright uniform attended by a troop of trumpeters announced the death of Alexander III, and the accession to the throne of Russia of Nicholas II. The two heralds with their escorts, traversed all the principal streets of the city and after the trumpeters had delivered three ringing blasts from their trumpets they made public the proclamation of Emperor Nicholas II, which has already been cabled to the Associated Press.

Throughout St. Petersburg today the accession of the new czar is being celebrated as a festival for this event takes precedence of the mourning ceremonies. The Russian newspapers therefore appeared without black borders and all signs of public mourning will be withheld until tomorrow.

At 10 o'clock yesterday evening the first requiem mass for the repose of the soul of Alexander III was celebrated in St. Petersburg and all the ministers and members of the council of the empire were present. When the service was over, all those in attendance took the oath of allegiance to Czar Nicholas II, the heir presumptive, the czarévitch, Grand Duke George, brother of the czar.

This morning the senate met in plenary session and all its members took the oath of allegiance. At the same time all the troops forming the garrison of St. Petersburg were paraded in full uniform with their colors and were sworn with customary formality.

Later the same ceremony was observed in the case of the civil servants of the empire.

When the news of the czar's death was received, thousands of people left their work, and proceeded to churches in the neighborhoods, where they attended services held in memory of his majesty.

Dense masses of people thronged the streets during the evening, reading the death bulletin and murmuring prayers for the czar as they crossed the streets. It is reported the funeral will take place November 13, and it is said his body will lie in state for one week at Moscow.

ROYALTY MOURNS.

Sings of Sympathy are Everywhere to be Seen in England.

LONDON, Nov. 2.—The expressions of sympathy and respect which have been called forth by the death of the czar Alexander III, are universal. The officials of the Russian embassy have been overwhelmed with messages of condolence. The flags are half masted every where in London and in the large cities of the United Kingdom. Special religious services are being arranged at Buckingham palace, at Marlborough and all other residences of the royal family.

In addition the shades are drawn down at all the palaces and other habitations of royalty and the orders have been issued that the military bands are not to play at any function until after the funeral.

Queen Victoria is profoundly affected at the death of the czar and has issued the necessary instructions for the court to go into mourning for the usual period. The press reflects the feeling of sympathy expressed on all sides among the queen's subjects for the Russian nation in its grief.

The Daily News is alone among the morning newspapers to appear with black borders, and among the afternoon papers the Globe has made itself somewhat conspicuous by striking a discordant note, saying, among other things: "It does seem a little absurd to watch the attitude assumed by France. For days past there has been a kind of historical insistence that when the event occurred France must be the power to occupy the position of chief mourner."

"Apart from the implied alliance between Russia and France it does seem passing strange that France alone should be interested in the sad event at Livadia. Our own royal family and through them the nation at large is far more deeply interested and the same may be said of Germany and Denmark and every country where the monarchical system existed."

REMAINS PLACED IN THE CHAPEL. The Emperor's Body is Embalmed and Religious Services Begun.

LIVADIA, Nov. 2.—The remains of Alexander III, having been embalmed and attired in the uniform of the Frolovskiy regiment of the guard, were conveyed this morning to the small private chapel of the place. The bier was surrounded with lighted candles and is watched by relays of priests and officers of the army.

The religious services, afterwards held in the chapel, all the members of the imperial family and the imperial household were present.

THE NEW CZAR'S POLICY.

He Thought That He Will Detach Himself From France.

LONDON, Nov. 2.—A dispatch from Rome says it is believed that the new czar, whose sympathies are known to be with Germany and England, will by degrees detach himself from France.

The special dispatch also adds, however, that the connection with the Russian embassy asserts that the accession of Nicholas II. inaugurates a policy, but only in regard to home legislation and in the direction of liberal reforms.

In Russia's foreign policy the official is quoted as saying the traditions of the czar's father will remain unchanged. The official said to hope that the czar will continue the traditions of friendliness towards Rome, which marked the last days of Alexander III.

The pope will be represented at the funeral of the czar either by the papal nuncio at Vienna or by the Austrian ambassador in St. Petersburg. The official believes that the death of the czar will in no way affect the Franco-Russian alliance and it is said that so long as Cardinal Rampo, who is an ardent friend of Russia remains papal secretary of state, the adhesion of the Vatican to the Franco-Russian alliance will remain an article of pontifical faith.

CZAR'S DEATH NOT REGRETTED.

One Man at Least Who is Disposed to Rejoice Over It.

CHICAGO, Nov. 2.—S. F. Adalla S. Satalceki, president of the Polish National Alliance of America, and the People's Party nominee in the Ninth Senatorial district, feels no regret for the death of the czar.

Mr. Satalceki, as president of the alliance, represents about 280 societies in the United States of which nearly sixty are in Chicago. Some have a membership of 250.

He referred to the death of the czar as a relief to the people of Russia and Poland especially, and to humanity in general. He considered that now was an opportune time for the new ruler of Russia to turn aside the hatred of millions of Russians and Poles by liberating the unfortunate victims of political oppression from their living tombs in Siberia.

"It may not be Christian-like," he said "to gloat over the death of any one, but millions of men cannot help but rejoice over the death of this despot. As one who was the cause of sending thousands of human beings to a fate worse than death in that hell upon earth, Siberia, every lover of freedom all the world over must rejoice. It may be said that his death means only a change from one despot to another, but every such change must be in the direction of loosening the chains that bear so heavily on the people."

FELIX MORRIS COMING.

A Really Good List of Attractions for the Next Two Weeks.

Mr. Crawford is to be complimented for succeeding in getting an attraction for this month so good as Felix Morris, who will be at the Grand on Wednesday evening, the 14th.

Felix Morris is not a very well known actor in the west for he has never been induced before to get out in the country and make one night stands for the very good reason probably that he and always had all he could do in the larger eastern cities. He has held long and successful engagements in the best theaters and is generally regarded in the east as one of America's most successful comedians.

He will probably appear in "The Best Man," the piece he has been playing at the Schiller theater, Chicago.

There is to be another really good actor at the Grand on Saturday night, Willie Collier, the quint comedian, will appear in the new comedy-drama, "A Back Number," by Edward K. Kidder, author of "Peaceful Valley," "A Poor Relation," etc. The name of the author of "A Back Number" is well known to the advance he has made from farce to legitimate comedy. While there is no suggestion of "horse play" in "A Back Number," it must not be imagined there is an absence of humor. Mr. Collier has put behind him the grotesque costume and make-up required to make plays of a certain kind go, but wherever the play was seen the press has been unanimous in saying that he is funnier than ever. The higher plane in which he is now making his efforts gives greater scope for the display of droll humor, which has made him so great a favorite in this and other cities.

On Monday night the Iowa State band will be the attraction at the Grand. This is spoken of as one of the best musical organizations of the day. It made a reputation for itself at the World's fair that has induced it to go on the road. A good deal of money has been spent in making it what it is.

Following is the list of attractions for the next two weeks: Tuesday, the 6th, "A Silver Wedding," comedy; Thursday, the 8th, the comedienne, Corcoran and Foxkin "Hot Tangles"; Saturday, the 10th, Frohman's "Jaws"; Monday, the 12th, Neil Burgess' company in the "County Fair"; Wednesday, the 14th, Felix Morris in "The Best Man."

The Clark & Parkinson Company. At Crawford's opera house the Parkinson Comedy company is still giving good entertainments for a cheap company. Parkinson himself is very superior to his company.

The case of Marsh Meredith who assaulted a man named Martin a few days ago has been continued to next Wednesday afternoon by Justice Chesney.

FAST PACERS MEET.

Robert J. and John R. Gentry in a Match Race.

Contest for a Purse of \$2,000 at Philadelphia.

BOTH IN FINE TRIM.

Three Thousand People Are There to See It.

Geers Drives Robert J. and McHenry is Behind Gentry.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 2.—The star attraction of the season in this city for lovers of racing was today's big race between Robert J. 2:01½ and John R. Gentry, 2:03½, at the Old Point Breeze track. A purse of \$2,000 was offered as an inducement for these recognized kings of the side wheels, and as Gentry's owner was dissatisfied with the recent meeting between these two thoroughbreds when it was claimed that Gentry defeated Robert J. by a head, although the heat was given to the latter, McHenry jumped at the chance to get even with Hamilton's star.

The track which was thoroughly soaked by the recent heavy rains, had dried out remarkably well, and with the exception of a soft spot on the back stretch and another at the head of the stretch was in perfect condition. Old horsemen, however, who are familiar with the track, claim that it is two seconds slow.

A 2:00 trot was down on the program for the initial event, but the spectators paid but little attention to anything as small-like as 2:00. They had their appetites whetted for the pace and when John R. Gentry and Robert J. made their appearance on the track they were cheered to the echo.

Ed Geers held the reins over Robert J. and McHenry sat behind Gentry. The attendance was about 3,000.

First heat, 2:9 class trot, purse \$1,500, was won by Avoca. Time, 2:19½.

SITUATION IN MINNESOTA.

Democrats Losing All Their Voters to the Populists.

ST. PAUL, Nov. 2.—Today's reports to the Republican and Democratic state central committees were not reassuring. The drift of the vote toward Owen, the Populist candidate for governor, is growing heavier every day, and at Populist headquarters they are making claims that Owen will be elected by a plurality exceeding 20,000. This movement of the vote toward Owen is not because of sudden popularity of the Populist candidates, but because of a feeling which has become general the past ten days that the Great Northern Railway company is in control of the leaders of both the old parties.

It now seems certain that Owen will receive 10,000 votes in St. Paul and not less than 5,000 in Minneapolis. Heavy increases for Owen are also reported from the country. A poll of Grant county, concluded yesterday, gives Becker, Democrat, but twenty-five votes. At the Republican state headquarters it is now admitted that the seventh congressional district will give a Populist majority of several thousand votes. The vote which is drifting over to the Populists has hitherto been largely Democratic.

NO TROUBLE AT THE SHOPS.

Reports of Trouble Over the New Car Shops Foreman seem to be Unfounded.

There seems to be no, or at least very little, truth in the story that there was any trouble or signs of any at the Santa Fe car shops yesterday or the day before between the new general foreman, M. Munson, and the men. The story circulated was to the effect that the men objected to the new man because he had been a Pullman employe before coming there. He came here two days ago and took charge yesterday in place of General Foreman Wm. T. Kneal, who had resigned to accept another position. It was given out that he came to Topeka from the New York, New Haven & Hartford road and it was said that the men had discovered he was from Pullman. Hence the rumored uprising.

A Journal reporter visited the shops today and found no signs of any trouble or rumored trouble.

Said Mr. Munson: "I have never heard of it before. There is not the slightest indication of anything of the sort. The men are all working and seem to be satisfied. I came from the N. Y. N. H. & H. road where I had been a foreman in their shops. It is true that I was once for a short time an employe of the Pullman company."

The reporter talked with a good many of the men and they all seemed to be surprised at the report. There is plenty of work in the shops for all the hands.

TWO FIREMEN BURNED.

A Disastrous Fire in an Omaha Packing House—Loss, \$25,000.

OMAHA, N. H., Nov. 2.—Just as the men were going to work in the big beef house of the Hammond packing plant at South Omaha at 7 o'clock this morning flames were discovered on the second floor and quickly spread to the third and fourth floors. At 11 o'clock one of the walls of the burning building fell and two firemen belonging to the private department of the packing company were buried under tons of burning timbers and red hot brick.

The killed were: John Steele, Henry Peters.

Immediately after the wall fell efforts at recovering the bodies of the two men were begun but it was two hours before the remains were uncovered. The loss is \$25,000.

H. Huston, who is a colored man, was at Dr. Brownfield's lecture the other night and was so enthusiastic in his applause that he was arrested for it. Judge Ensminger fined him \$5.

FORWARD TO MOKDEN.

Japanese Invest Port Arthur and are Ready to Move on Moukden.

YOKOHAMA, Nov. 2.—It is announced here that the investment of Port Arthur by the Japanese forces by land and sea has been completed and that the forward movement of both the Japanese armies in the direction of Moukden is being rapidly pushed. It is added that a portion of Field Marshal Count Oyama's force will attack Kinchow Asya while is occupied by the Chinese troops.

In the meanwhile, Gen. Nodzu's advance column is approaching Fung Whang, a fortified town on the main road between Wiju and Moukden, which place all the Chinese troops retreated after leaving their positions north of the Yalu river. The Japanese expect to defeat the Chinese at both places and there unite their columns before the walls of Moukden.

IT WAS MURDER.

Station Agent Early Dies From Wounds Inflicted by a Robber.

W. H. Early, the Rock Island station agent at Whiting, Kas., who was shot by a masked robber Wednesday night, died last evening at about 6 o'clock, after twelve hours of suffering. It developed that the bullet, which broke Early's thigh, plowed its way into the unfortunate man's intestines. After the shooting Early returned to the station, locked it securely and then crawled to the nearest house which was some distance away. Sheriff Naylor of Jackson county is in Topeka today looking for the murderer. He has a clue that leads him to believe that he is located in Topeka. Early made an ante-mortem statement yesterday afternoon. The sheriff has addressed this postal to the police officers in Kansas:

"Please arrest and hold a man five feet six or seven inches tall, weight about 160 pounds, light complexion, dark mustache, about twenty-six or twenty-eight years old, wore a medium black hat, white shirt, bay-down collar, string tie, light gray overcoat, looks like a very old cut; colored pants, likely has a .38-caliber revolver in his person. Is wanted for shooting the C. R. I. & P. baggage-man at Whiting, Kas., on 10th October 31, 1894, for the purpose of robbery. He wore a black handkerchief over his face when doing the shooting. He ran down the track toward straight creek."

TODAY'S MARKET REPORT.

Furnished by the Associated Press to the State Journal.

CHICAGO, Nov. 2.—Wheat was dull here today on higher cables, but later the market showed some nervousness over the foreign political situation and holders were timid and disposed to realize. Northwestern receipts were lighter at 800 cars. December started ½¢ higher at 56½¢, and after declining to 55½¢, rallied to 56½¢.

4th Liverpool ½¢ higher, corn opened ½¢ higher. The market was firm early but later became weaker with some selling against calls. May started at 51½¢, advanced ½¢ more and then eased off to 51¼¢.

Oats were in sympathy with corn. May opened ½¢ higher at 52½¢ and declined to 52½¢.

Provisions were barely steady. January pork opened unchanged at \$11.85 and sold off to \$11.80.

January lard started 2½¢ higher at \$7.87½, declined to \$7.85.

Estimates for Saturday: Wheat 110 cars; corn 200 cars, oats 135 cars, hogs 17,000 head.

ARMY CHOICE, 50½¢; medium, 51¢; common, 50½¢.

WHEAT—November, 52½¢; December, 53½¢; May, 55½¢.

CORN—November, 51¢; December, 51½¢; January, 51½¢; May, 51½¢.

OATS—November 48½¢; December 49½¢; May 52½¢.

PORK—November, \$12.00; January \$11.75.

LARD—November \$6.82½; December \$6.85; January, \$6.82½; May, \$7.00.

SHORT RIBS—November, \$6.0